



R-MER II[®] Resin (Grade 27)

I. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

R-MER II[®] is a high performance non-modified expandable resin designed to provide enhanced fracture resistance and improved multiple drop impact properties for premium cushion foam packaging. R-MER II[®] has performed successfully in replacing many co-polymer applications. Flint Hills Resources, LP - R-MER II[®] resin may be expanded, molded, and recycled using conventional EPS technology.

II. PROPERTIES OF RMER II[®] GRADE 27 EXPANDABLE RESIN

Type	Bead Size	Typical* Unexpanded Particle Size, (mm)	Blowing Agent Level	Recommended Density Range** (lbs./ft ³)	Method of Processing
5627	B	0.600 – 1.400	Nominal 6 %	1.15 – 3.0	Shape / Block ⁺

End-Use/Application Temperature: °F (°C) - 165 (74) at all densities

* Typical indicates at least 90% of product falls within the given particle size range

** High densities attainable with batch pre-expansion.

+ Consult FHR Sales or Technical Staff for details of Block molding parameters

III. APPLICATIONS

R-MER II[®] expandable resin provides improved cushioning performance for high value electronics, instrumentation and fragile goods. R-MER II[®] provides enhanced fracture resistance compared to standard Expandable Polystyrene. R-MER II[®] may be shape molded for custom cushion packaging or block molded for fabricated packaging. The minimum recommended single pass expanded density for R-MER II[®] is 1.15 pcf.

R-MER II[®] foam is 100% recyclable per SPI polystyrene code 6, for both pre and post consumer streams.



IV. PROPERTIES OF MOLDED RMER II® GRADE 27 EXPANDABLE RESIN

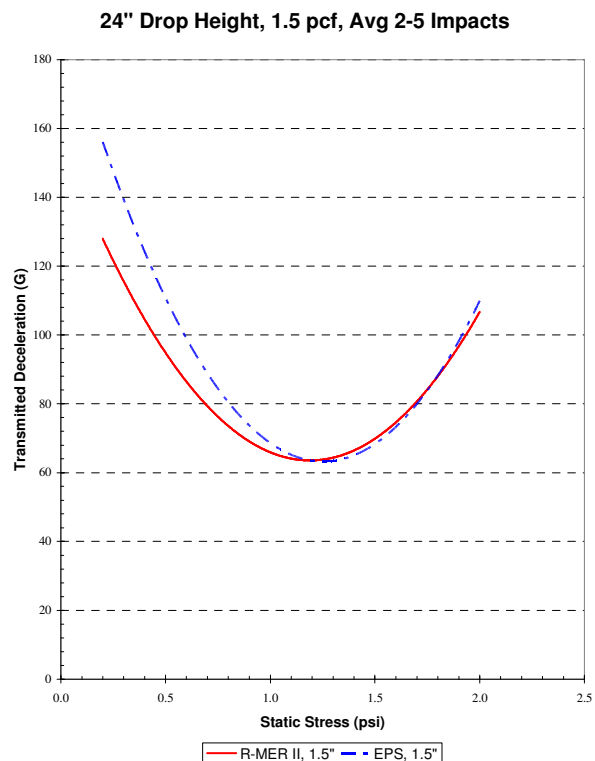
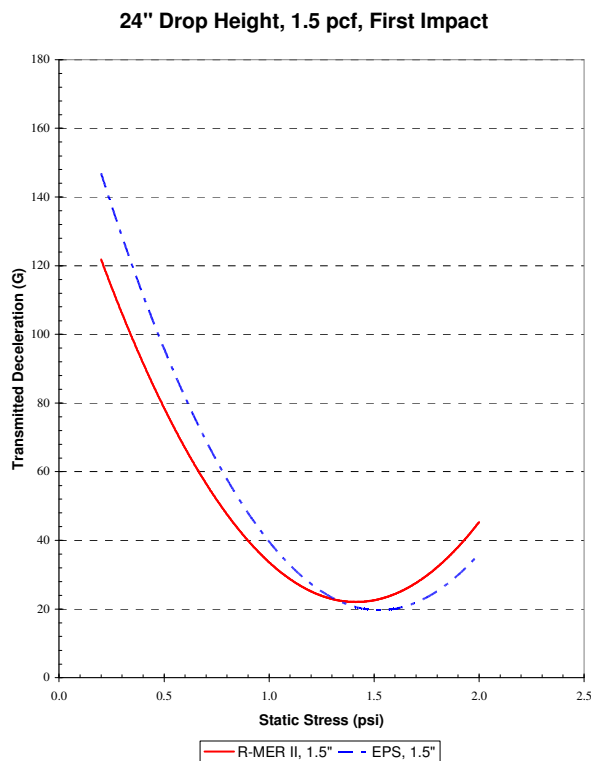
PROPERTY	UNITS	ASTM TEST	NOMINAL VALUE		
Density	lbs/ft ³ (kg/m ³)	C-303	1.25(20)	1.5(24)	1.75(28)
Compressive Strength @ 10% Compression @ 20% Compression @ 50% Compression	psi (MPa)	D-1621	13 (0.09) 16 (0.11) 25 (0.17)	16 (0.11) 20 (0.14) 29 (0.20)	20 (0.13) 24 (0.17) 33 (0.23)
Flexural Strength	psi (MPa)	C-203	30 (0.21)	38 (0.26)	46 (0.32)
Flexural Deflection	in (cm)	C-203	2.0 (5.1)	2.0 (5.1)	2.0 (5.1)
Water Vapor Permeability	Maximum perm-in.	E-96	2.3	3.0	3.7
Water Absorption	% weight increase	C-272	1.1	1.1	1.2
Thermal Resistance	R-value	C-177	4	4	5
Compressive Creep 1000 hrs. @ 2.5 psi 1000 hrs. @ 5.0 psi	%	D-3575	2 2.5	1.5 1.5	1 1
Recommended End-Use Temperature	°F (°C)	---	165 (74)	165 (74)	165 (74)



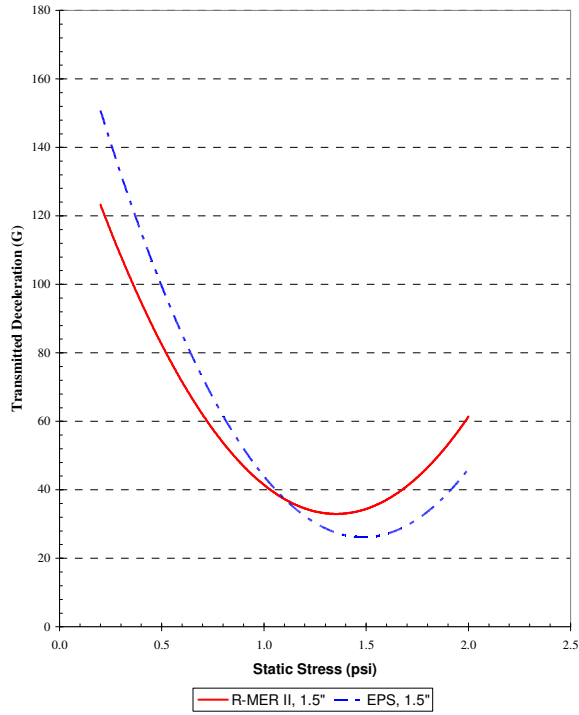
V. DYNAMIC SHOCK CUSHIONING PERFORMANCE

R-MER II® foam is used in high performance packaging for fragile, high-value items. Excellent cushioning properties coupled with enhanced fracture resistance make R-MER II® the material of choice for dynamic impact protection.

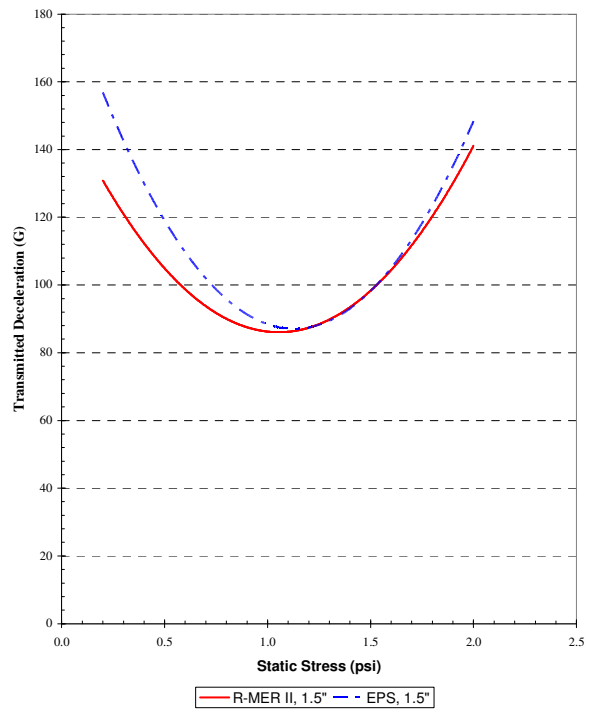
The following graphs illustrate the cushioning performance of R-MER II® foam as tested per ASTM D-1596 on a standard 8-inch x 8-inch sample. These shock absorption curves are general guidelines for predicting the cushioning performance of R-MER II® at the nominal densities and thickness indicated. Individual part performance will vary with design, application and molding. End-use application testing is recommended to determine the actual cushioning performance.



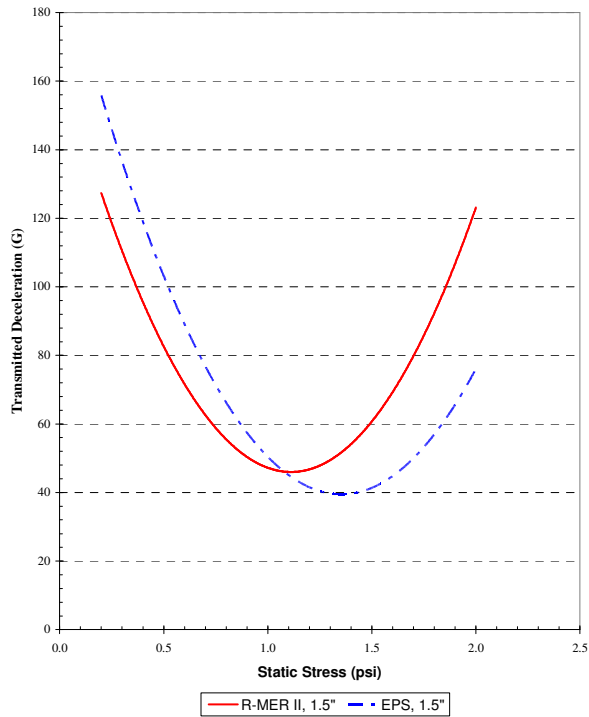
30" Drop Height, 1.5 pcf, First Impact



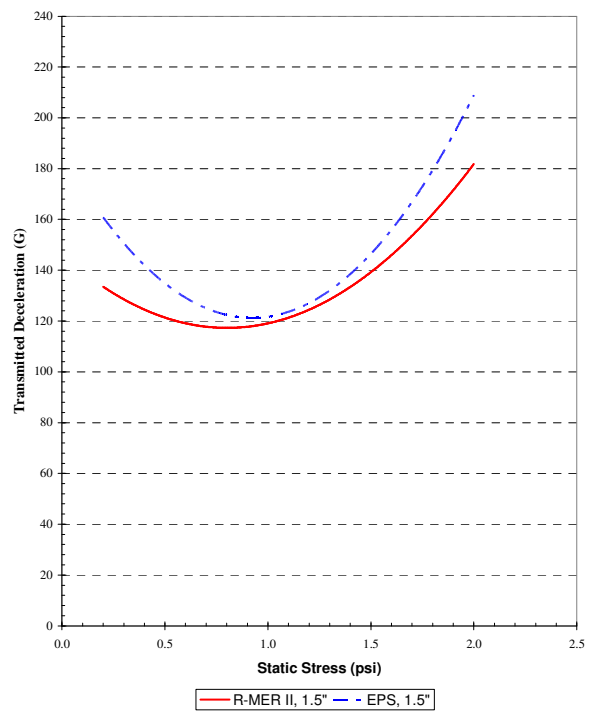
30" Drop Height, 1.5 pcf, Avg 2-5 Impacts



36" Drop Height, 1.5 pcf, First Impact



36" Drop Height, 1.5 pcf, Avg 2-5 Impacts





G. Burgess¹ (School of Packaging, Michigan State University) and M. Daum² (R&D Manager, Packaging, Hewlett-Packard Company) are proponents of the Stress-Energy method for determining the cushioning performance of closed-cell foams. Below are the parameters for the Stress-Energy equations, comparing R-MER II® and EPS at 1.5 pcf density:

Parameter	R-MER II ®		EPS	
	1 st Drop	Avg 2-5 Drops	1 st Drop	Avg 2-5 Drops
A	20.0978	24.1797	28.1950	27.8467
B	0.0442509	0.0614047	0.0276162	0.0588071

Daum's equation:

$$G * s = A * e^{\left(\frac{B * s * h}{t} \right)}$$

G - transmitted shock,

s - static loading (weight divided by the bearing area),

h - drop height,

t - cushion thickness and

A/B - dimensionless constants that describe the material properties of the cushion.

References:

1. Burgess, G., "Consolidation of Cushion Curves," *Packag. Technol. Sci.*, Vol. 3, 1990, pp. 189-194.
2. Daum, M., "Simplified Presentation of the Stress-Energy Method for General Commercial Use," *J. Test. Eval.*, Vol. 36, 2008, pp. 100-102.

VI. EXPANDABLE POLYSTYRENE MANUFACTURING LOCATION

Peru, Illinois, United States

The information contained herein is provided for general purposes only. By providing the information contained herein, Flint Hills Resources, LP makes no guarantee or warranty, and does not assume any liability with respect to the accuracy or completeness of such information, or the product results in any specific instance and hereby expressly disclaims any implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, or any other warranties or representations whatsoever, expressed or implied. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as a license to use the Flint Hills Resources, LP in any manner that would infringe any patent.